	FINAN	CIAL INDIC	ΑΤΟΙ	R RE	VIEV	N	
		Based on 2019 Financial I					
		Temagan					
Date Prepared:	29-Oct-20	2019 Households:	1,346	٨	Aedian Housel	hold Income:	52,045
MSO Office:	Northeast	2019 Population	840	Taxable Re	esidential Ass	essment as a	
Prepared By:	Bryan Searle	2020 MFCI Index 8.4	_	% of 1	rotal Taxable	Assessment:	68.3%
Tier	ST				Own Purpo	ose Taxation:	4,499,293
	S U S T	TAINABILITY	INDIC	ΈΑΤΟ	R S		
Indicator		Ranges		Actuals	North - Population <= 1000		Level of Risk
					Median	Average	
			2015	16.8%	14.3%	23.6%	HIGH
otal Taxes Receivable less Allowance for Uncollectibles as a % of Total Taxes Levied		Low: < 10% Mod: 10% to 15%	2016	13.8%	13.1%	19.8%	MODERATE
			2017	13.0%	12.8%	22.2%	MODERATE
		High: > 15%	2018	14.1%	13.4%	17.1%	MODERATE
			2019	13.9%	10.8%	13.3%	MODERATE
			2015	52.5%	47.4%	45.1%	LOW
		Low: > -50%	2016	60.8%	53.1%	49.1%	LOW
Net Financial Assets or Net Debt as % of Own Source Revenues		Mod: -50% to -100%	2017	54.2%	51.4%	51.8%	LOW
		High: < -100%	2018	56.4%	55.5%	53.0%	LOW
			2019	55.6%	70.1%	73.5%	LOW
			2015	31.5%	34.7%	41.7%	LOW
		Low: > 20%	2016	33.9%	39.5%	44.3%	LOW
Total Reserves and Discretionary Reserve Funds as a % of Municipal Expenses		Mod: 10% to 20%	2017	53.4%	42.2%	47.2%	LOW
r unus as a % or Municipal i	at Expenses	High: < 10%	2018	56.2%	43.0%	50.1%	LOW
			2019	54.0%	58.1%	61.4%	LOW
			2015	3.95:1	3.71:1	4.56:1	LOW
		Low: > 0.5:1	2015	2.41:1	3.13:1	4.36.1	LOW
Cash Ratio (Total Cash and Cash Equi	ivalents as a % of Current	Low: > 0.5:1 Mod: 0.5:1 to 0.25:1	2018	4.23:1	3.34:1	4.84:1	LOW

## FLEXIBILITY INDICATORS

2018

2019

3.63:1

6.5:1

4.09:1

4.8:1

4.89:1

6.58:1

High: < 0.25:1

Low: < 5%         2015         2.2%         1.6%         3.1%         Low           Debt Servicing Cost as a % of Total Revenues (Less Donated TCAs)         Mod: 5% to 10%         2016         0.7%         1.6%         2.6%         Low           Mod: 5% to 10%         High: >10%         2.16%         1.6%         2.7%         Low           2018         2.2%         1.3%         2.6%         Low           2019         2.0%         1.5%         2.1%         Low           Closing Amortization Balance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)         Low: < 50%         S017         50.3%         50.2%         MODERATE           Mod: 50% to 75%         High: > 75%         2016         49.9%         51.1%         51.0%         Low           Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: > 1%         75%         50.3%         50.9%         MODERATE           Mod: :1% to -30%         High: < 30%         10.1%         3.5%         12.9%         Low           Mod: :1% to -30%         High: < 30%         50.9%         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         Low           Mod: :1% to -30%         High: < 30%         1.4%         28.0%         44.2%         Low							
Debt Servicing Cost as a % of Total Revenues (Less Donated TCAs)         Mod: 5% to 10%         2017         1.6%         1.6%         2.7%         LOW           High: >10%         2018         2.2%         1.3%         2.6%         LOW           2019         2.0%         1.5%         2.1%         LOW           Closing Amortization Balance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)         Low: < 50%		Mod: 5% to 10%	2015	2.2%	1.6%	3.1%	LOW
High: >10%         10%         11.0%         11.0%         11.0%         11.0%         10.0%			2016	0.7%	1.4%	2.6%	LOW
Closing Amortization Balance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)       Low: < 50% Mod: 50% to 75% High: > 75%       2016       2019       2.0%       1.5%       2.1%       LOW         2015       51.3%       50.8%       50.2%       MODERATE         2016       49.9%       51.1%       51.0%       LOW         2017       50.3%       50.9%       51.6%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       52.1%       51.6%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.9%       51.6%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       52.1%       51.6%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         Mod: -1% to -30%       2017       7.7%       7.2%       10.1%         LOW       10.9%       10.7%       23.9%       LOW	Debt Servicing Cost as a % of Total Revenues (Less Donated TCAs)		2017	1.6%	1.6%	2.7%	LOW
Closing Amortization Balance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)         Low: < 50% Mod: 50% to 75% High: > 75%         Color         Color         Color         MODERATE           2016         49.9%         51.1%         51.0%         LOW         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         MODERATE         LOW         MODERATE         LOW         MODERATE         MODERATE         LOW         MODERATE         LOW         LOW			2018	2.2%	1.3%	2.6%	LOW
Low: < 50% (Asset Consumption Ratio)         Low: < 50% Mod: 50% to 75% High: > 75%         2016         49.9%         51.1%         51.0%         LOW           2017         50.3%         50.9%         51.6%         MODERATE           2018         52.2%         52.1%         51.7%         MODERATE           2019         53.2%         50.3%         50.9%         MODERATE           2019         53.2%         50.3%         50.9%         LOW           Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: >1% Mod: 1% to -30% High: < -30%			2019	2.0%	1.5%	2.1%	LOW
Low: < 50% (Asset Consumption Ratio)         Low: < 50% Mod: 50% to 75% High: > 75%         2016         49.9%         51.1%         51.0%         LOW           2017         50.3%         50.9%         51.6%         MODERATE           2018         52.2%         52.1%         51.7%         MODERATE           2019         53.2%         50.3%         50.9%         MODERATE           2019         53.2%         50.3%         50.9%         LOW           Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: >1% Mod: 1% to -30% High: < -30%			2015	51 3%	50.8%	50.2%	MODERATE
Closing Amortization Balance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)       Mod: 50% to 75% High: > 75%       2017       50.3%       50.9%       51.6%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       52.1%       51.7%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2016       10.1%       3.5%       11.9%       LOW         Mod: 1% to -30%       2017       7.7%       7.2%       16.1%       LOW         Mod: 1% to -30%       2018       0.6%       10.7%       23.9%       LOW			2015	51.5%	JU.0%	JU.2/0	MODERATE
Mod:       S00:       S00:       S00:       S00:       S1.6%       MODERATE         High:       75%       2017       50.3%       50.9%       51.6%       MODERATE         2018       52.2%       52.1%       51.7%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         Mod:       10.1%       3.5%       12.9%       LOW         Mod:       1% to -30%       2017       7.7%       7.2%       16.1%       LOW         Mod:       -30%       2018       0.6%       10.7%       23.9%       LOW	Closing Americantian Palance as a % of Total Cost of Capital Assots	Low: < 50%	2016	49.9%	51.1%	51.0%	LOW
High: > 75%       2018       52.2%       52.1%       51.7%       MODERATE         2019       53.2%       50.3%       50.9%       MODERATE         2015       10.1%       3.5%       12.9%       LOW         Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues       Low: > -1%       2016       47.6%       4.6%       11.9%       LOW         Mod: 1% to -30%       2017       7.7%       7.2%       16.1%       LOW         High: < -30%	•		2017	50.3%	50.9%	51.6%	MODERATE
Low: > -1%         2015         10.1%         3.5%         12.9%         LOW           Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: > -1%         2016         47.6%         4.6%         11.9%         LOW           Mod: -1% to -30%         2017         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         LOW           High: < -30%	(	High: > 75%	2018	52.2%	52.1%	51.7%	MODERATE
Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: > -1%         2016         47.6%         4.6%         11.9%         LOW           Mod: -1% to -30%         2017         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         LOW           High: < -30%			2019	53.2%	50.3%	50.9%	MODERATE
Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Low: > -1%         2016         47.6%         4.6%         11.9%         LOW           Mod: -1% to -30%         2017         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         LOW           High: < -30%							
Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues         Mod: -1% to -30%         2017         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         LOW           High: < -30%		Mod: -1% to -30%	2015	10.1%	3.5%	12.9%	LOW
Mod:         1% to         30%         2017         7.7%         7.2%         16.1%         LOW           High:         <-30%	Annual Surplus / (Deficit) as a % of Own Source Revenues		2016	47.6%	4.6%	11.9%	LOW
2016 0.6% 10.7% 23.5% LOW			2017	7.7%	7.2%	16.1%	LOW
2019 1.4% 28.0% 44.2% LOW			2018	0.6%	10.7%	23.9%	LOW
			2019	1.4%	28.0%	44.2%	LOW

\*\*\*\*\* The data and information contained in this document is for informational purposes only. It is not an opinion about a municipality and is not intended to be used on its own - it should be used in conjunction with other financial information and resources available. It may be used, for example, to support a variety of strategic and policy discussions.

Liabilities)

LOW

LOW

# FINANCIAL INDICATOR REVIEW

(Based on 2019 Financial Information Return)

Temagami M

### ΝΟΤΕΣ

Financial Information Returns ("FIRs") are a standard set of year-end reports submitted by municipalities to the Province which capture certain financial information. On an annual basis, Ministry staff prepare certain financial indicators for each municipality, based on the information contained in the FIRs. It is important to remember that these financial indicators provide a snapshot at a particular moment in time and should not be considered in isolation, but supported with other relevant information sources. In keeping with our Financial Information Return review process and follow-up, Ministry staff may routinely contact and discuss this information with municipal officials.

#### Supplementary Indicators of Sustainability and Flexibility

The following is a summary, adapted from the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) 4.

- A government (including a municipality) may choose to report supplementary information on financial condition, to expand on and help explain the government's financial statements.
- Supplementary assessment of a government's financial condition needs to consider the elements of sustainability and flexibility.
- Sustainability in this context may be seen as the degree to which a municipality can maintain its existing financial obligations both in
  respect of its service commitments to the public and financial commitments to creditors, employees and others without inappropriately
  increasing the debt or tax burden relative to the economy within which it operates.
- Sustainability is an important element to include in an assessment of financial condition because it may help to describe a government's ability to manage its financial and service commitments and debt burden. It may also help to describe the impact that the level of debt could have on service provision.
- Flexibility is the degree to which a government can change its debt or tax level on the economy within which it operates to meet its existing financial obligations both in respect of its service commitments to the public and financial commitments to creditors, employees and others.
- Flexibility provides insights into how a government manages its finances. Increasing taxation or user fees may reduce a municipality's flexibility to respond when adverse circumstances develop if the municipality approaches the limit that citizens and businesses are willing to bear.

A municipality may temporarily use current borrowing, subject to the requirements set out in the Municipal Act to meet expenses and certain other amounts required in the year, until taxes are collected and other revenues are received. Municipal current borrowing cannot be carried over the long term or converted to long term borrowing except in very limited circumstances.

• For each element of financial condition, the report on indicators of financial condition should include municipality-specific indicators and municipality-related indicators. It may be useful to also include economy-wide information when discussing financial condition.

### Additional Notes on what Financial Indicators may indicate:

Total Taxes Receivable less Allowance for Uncollectibles as a % of Total Taxes Levied - Shows how much of the taxes billed are not collected.

Net Financial Assets or Net Debt as % of Own Source Revenues - Indicates how much property tax and user fee revenue is servicing debt.

Reserves and Reserve Funds as a % of Municipal Expenses - Indicates how much money is set aside for future needs and contingencies.

Cash Ratio (Total Cash and Cash Equivalents as a % of Current Liabilities) - Indicates how much cash and liquid investments could be available to cover current obligations.

Debt Servicing Cost as a % of Total Revenues (Less Donated TCAs) - Indicates how much of each dollar raised in revenue is spent on paying down existing debt.

Closing Amortization Balance as a % or Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio) - Indicates how much of the assets' life expectancy has been consumed.

Annual Surplus / (Deficit) (Less Donated TCAs) as a % of Own Source Revenues - Indicates the municipality's ability to cover its operational costs and have funds available for other purposes (e.g. reserves, debt repayment, etc.)

The Northern and Rural Municipal Fiscal Circumstances Index (MFCI) is used by the Ministry of Finance to calculate the "Northern and Rural Fiscal Circumstances Grant" aimed at northern as well as single and lower-tier rural municipalities. The index measures a municipality's fiscal circumstances. The MFCI is determined by six indicators: Weighted Assessment per Household, Median Household Income, Average Annual Change in Assessment (New Construction), Employment Rate, Ratio of Working Age to Dependent Population, and Per Cent of Population Above Low-Income Threshold. A lower MFCI corresponds to relatively positive fiscal circumstances, whereas a higher MFCI corresponds to more challenging fiscal circumstances. (Note: the MFCI index is only available for northern and rural municipalities)

# FINANCIAL INDICATOR REVIEW

(Based on 2019 Financial Information Return)

Temagami M

## CALCULATIONS

Total Taxes Rec. less Allowance for Uncollectibles as % of Total Taxes Levied

Net Financial Assets or Net Debt as % of Own Source Revenues

Total Reserves and Reserve Funds as a % of Municipal Expenses Cash Ratio (Total Cash and Cash Equivalents as a % of Current Liabilities) Debt Servicing Cost as a % of Total Revenues (Less Donated TCAs) Closing Amortization Balance as a % or Total Cost of Capital Assets (Asset Consumption Ratio)

Annual Surplus / (Deficit) (Less Donated TCAs) as a % of Own Source Revenues

SLC 70 0699 01 / (SLC 26 9199 03 - SLC 72 2899 09)

SLC 70 9945 01 / (SLC 10 9910 01 - SLC 10 0699 01 - SLC 10 0899 01 -SLC 10 1098 01 - SLC 10 1099 01 - SLC 10 1811 01 - SLC 10 1812 01 - SLC 10 1813 01-SLC 10 1814 01 - SLC 10 1830 01 - SLC 10 1831 01 - SLC 12 1850 04)

(SLC 60 2099 02+SLC 60 2099 03)/(SLC 40 9910 11-SLC 12 9910 03-SLC 12 9910 07) SLC 70 0299 01 / (SLC 70 2099 01 + SLC 70 2299 01) (SLC 74 3099 01 + SLC 74 3099 02) / (SLC 10 9910 01 - SLC 10 1831 01) SLC 51 9910 10 / SLC 51 9910 06

(SLC 10 2099 01 - SLC 10 1831 01) / (SLC 10 9910 01 - SLC 10 0699 01 -SLC 10 0899 01 - SLC 10 1098 01 - SLC 10 1099 01 - SLC 10 1811 01 - SLC 10 1812 01 -SLC 10 1813 01- SLC 10 1814 01 - SLC 10 1830 01 - SLC 10 1831 01 - SLC 12 1850 04)